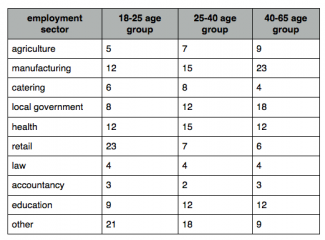
**IELTS TABLE:**

**The table below provides information on the percentage of employment sectors in which people from three age groups worked.**



**Introduction: (Paraphrase the question,)**

* The table illustrates the percentage of workers in three age groups across ten different industries.
* The percentage of workers in three age groups among 10 different professions is shown in the table.

**Overview: (Choose 2-4 most significant features you observe and write them in general terms. Main features are highest/lowest, increasing/decreasing trend, overall significant difference or similarities, Volatile or fluctuation situation, Any significant exceptions)**

* Overall, the manufacturing industry employs the most people, while the accounting sector has the lowest employment rate. However, the law gives equal opportunities to all age groups.
* Generally, the manufacturing industry employs the vast majority of people, while accounting has the lowest employment rate. Young people choose retail over manufacturing, whereas the oldest age group works mainly in manufacturing.
* As it is presented, the percentage of people entering the manufacturing, agricultural, and local government sectors rises with age, although this trend is opposite in the retail and other sectors.
* Overall, the manufacturing industry employs the most people, while the accounting sector has the lowest employment rate. However, the percentage of people entering the manufacturing, agricultural, and local government sectors rises with age, although this trend is opposite in the retail and other sectors.

**Body: (explain features and compare them in the body paragraphs and group data by some feature.** **Be careful not to report everything and don't report every single figure)**

* The table clearly illustrates that manufacturing has experienced the highest growth from the youngest to the oldest age groups, whereas agriculture has modest growth, accounting for 23% and 9% of the 46–64 age group, respectively. Additionally, with the rise in ages, there is also a modest increase in the local government sector, which hires 18% of the oldest age category and and education exhibits a similar pattern with 12% of those aged 25 to 65. All age ranges in the law area have the same proportion, which is 4%.
* By contrast, retail and other industries exhibit a downward trend, and the employment rate declines from 23% to 7% and from 21% to 9% from the 18–25 to the 46–64 age categories, respectively. However, statistics reveal that the middle-aged generation is more interested in the health and catering sectors, with 15% for health and 8% for catering. Finally, the least favorite profession is accountancy at nearly 3% among all ages.

Complete Task:

The given table provides data on the percentage of workers among three age groups in 10 different sectors.

Overall, the manufacturing industry employs the most people, while the accounting sector has the lowest employment rate. However, the law gives equal opportunities to all age groups.

The table clearly illustrates that manufacturing has experienced the highest growth from the youngest to the oldest age groups, whereas agriculture has modest growth, accounting for 23% and 9% of the 46–64 age group, respectively. Additionally, with the rise in ages, there is also a modest increase in the local government sector, which hires 18% of the oldest age category and education exhibits 12%. All age ranges in the law area have the same proportion, which is 4%.

By contrast, retail and other fields exhibit a downward trend, and the employment rate declines from 23% to 7% and from 21% to 9% from the 18–25 to the 46–64 age categories, respectively. However, statistics reveal that the middle-aged generation is more interested in the health and catering sectors, with 15% for health and 8% for catering. Finally, the least favorite profession is accountancy at nearly 3% among all ages.